YEAR R	AUTUMN	SPRING	How Has Transport Changed? (Bikes and Boats) Children will learn:  1. to compare and contrast items from the past by looking at similarities, differences, patterns and change using everyday language related to time.  2. to talk about why they think something is from the past or present by extending their vocabulary.  3. to develop their understanding of growth, decay and changes over time.  4. to explain their own knowledge and understanding and ask appropriate questions.  5. to ask why things happen and give explanations.  6. to know that information can be	
History	<ol> <li>How Have I Changed and Developed Over Time?         Children will learn:         1. to talk about members of immediate family in more detail using everyday language related to time.         2. to talk about past, present and upcoming events with their immediate family.         3. to sequence family members explaining who they are.         4. to say what they can do now and what they couldn't do as a baby.         5. to begin to narrate their daily routines and weekly activities.         6. about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.         7. to recognise and describe special times or events for family and friends.     </li> </ol>	How Have Children's Clothes Changed Over Time? (Also Seasonal Clothing)  Children will learn:  1. to say how something is different or the same.  2. to understand ordering language such as first, next after that, in the end.  3. to say what might happen on special days and sometimes remember what happened last year on that day.  4. to order and sequence stories and events.  5. to answer 'how and 'why' questions in response to stories and events.  6. to record using marks they can interpret and explain.		
Geography	Where Am I Located? Children will learn: 1. vocabulary such as 'near' and 'far' to talk about places that are familiar to them. 2. to name and describe landmarks or places that are familiar to them in their local area.	What Would It Be Like in Another Country? (The Polar Regions)  Children will learn:  1. to listen and engage in discussions around stories about different countries and cultures.  2. to discuss similarities and differences between life in this country and life in another country using stories, non-fiction texts and, when appropriate, maps.	retrieved from books and computers.  The Big Blue (What Are Oceans and Where Are They Located, Sea Creatures and Plastic Pollution)  Children will learn:  1. to interpret, use and create simplified maps of the world and name physical features.	
Science	Naming Body Parts (Introduce 5 Senses) Animals – Naming Pets Children will learn: 1. basic facts about some common animals. 2. the names of some body parts. 3. multiple purposes for simple body parts.	Freezing & Melting Life cycle of a Plant Animals That Live in Polar Regions Children will learn: 1. some plant names. 2. why we care for plants. 3. the basic features of a plant.	Materials – Floating & Sinking Animals – Sea Creatures Children will learn: 1. that materials serve different purposes. 2. different types of materials.	

Arts and Design Children will learn: 1. to use drawings to tell a story. 2. to explore different textures. 3. to show different emotions in drawings. 4. to encourage accurate drawings of people and objects.  PE Fundamental Movement Skills Children will learn: 1. to squats with steadiness with objects. 2. to run safely on their whole foot. 3. different modes of movement. 4. to run with spatial awareness and negotiate space successfully. 5. to runs or walk on different levels of surface. 6. to jump in the air with both feet leaving the floor. 7. to jump a short glisten and sand and their distance and land offerent levels of surface. 7. to jump a short glisten and sand mater of stance and land offerent levels of size, parting, throwing, distance and object to improve stability. 7. to show onfidence and under movements. 8. (Artist – Monet) (Children will learn: 1. to use a different matery of materials, tools and techr size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. sponges, singers, twigs. 9. to mix and match colours to different arteach and tools e.g. sponges, sponges, sponges, sponges, sponges, sponges, sponges, sponges, sponges, twigs. 9. to mix and match colours to different arteach and tools e.g. sponges, spong				4. that some food can cor	ne from plants.		
1. to use drawings to tell a story. 2. to explore different textures. 3. to show different textures. 4. to encourage accurate drawings of people and objects.  PE Fundamental Movement Skills Children will learn: 1. to squats with objects. 2. to run safely on their modes of movement. 3. different modes of movement. 4. to run with spatial awareness and in various different modes of movement. 4. to run with spatial awareness and in various different levels of successfully. 5. to run so walk on different levels of surface. 4. to cath a large ball with oth feet leaving the floor. 5. to runs a short of the run with both feet leaving the floor. 6. to jump in the air with both feet leaving the floor. 7. to jump a short distance and land cathering and believed in some one leaving the floor. 7. to jump a short distance and land cathering and believed in some different will size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. sponges, fingers, twigs. 2. to mix and match colours to different size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. sponges, fingers, twigs. 2. to mix and match colours to different size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. sponges, fingers, twigs. 2. to mix and match colours to different size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. sponges, fingers, twigs. 2. to mix and match colours to different size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. sponges, fingers, twigs. 2. to mix and match colours to different size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. sponges, fingers, twigs. 2. to mix and match colours to different size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. sponges, fingers, twigs. 2. to mix and match colours to different size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. sponges, fingers, twigs. 2. to mix and match colours to different size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. sponges, fingers, twigs. 2. to mix and match colours to different size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. sponges, fingers, twigs. 2. to mix and match colours to different size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. sponges, fingers, twigs. 2. to mix and match colours to different size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. s	Arts and	(Artist – Giusep	•	Exploring Pri (Artist –	mary Colours	1	
Movement Skills Children will learn: 1. to squats with objects. 2. to run safely on their whole foot. 3. different modes of movement. 4. to run with spatial awareness and negotiate space successfully. 5. to runs or walk on different levels of surface. 6. to jump in the air with both feet leaving the floor. 7. to jump a short distance and land  Movements Children will learn: 1. to rise to their feet without using awareness of hands. 2. to rise to their feet without using awareness of hands. 3. to move across climbing equipment using alternate feet. 3. to move across climbing equipment using alternate feet. 4. to run with spatial awareness and negotiate space successfully. 5. to runs or walk on different levels of surface. 6. to jump a short distance and land  Movements Children will learn: 1. to rise to their feet without using 1. to move in response to move in a range of ways. 2. to choose to move equipment. 2. to choose to move in a range of ways. 2. to choose to move equipment. 3. to move freely and with confidence feet. 3. to use hands and arms to help with balance and stability. 4. to change position and pace of successfully. 5. to hold a position momentarily. 6. to shift bodyweight to improve stability. 7. to show confidence foot. 8. to choose to move equipment. 9. to choose to move equipment. 9. to kick a stationary ball with either foot and in various directions. 9. to throw an object with increasing accuracy and force. 9. to balance on one foot. 9. to hond a position momentarily. 9. to balance on one foot. 9. to hold a position momentarily. 9. to balance on one foot. 9. to hold a position momentarily. 9. to control and making changes to body shape. 9. to change position. 9. to throw an object with increasing accuracy and force. 9. to cotch a large ball with either foot and in various directions. 9. to throw an object with increasing accuracy and force. 9. to choose to move 9. to choose of move 9. to	Jessign.	<ol> <li>to use drawings to te</li> <li>to explore different en</li> <li>to show different en</li> <li>to encourage accura</li> </ol>	textures. notions in drawings.	<ol> <li>to use a variety of tools, including different size/shape of brushes and tools e.g. sponges, fingers, twigs.</li> <li>to mix and match colours to different artefacts and objects.</li> <li>to paint from direct observation and</li> </ol>		<ol> <li>to safely handle, manipulate and enjoy using variety of materials, tools and techniques.</li> <li>to make representations of animals or peop using a 3D structure.</li> </ol>	
8. to balance on successfully when slithering,	PE	Movement Skills Children will learn: 1. to squats with steadiness with objects. 2. to run safely on their whole foot. 3. different modes of movement. 4. to run with spatial awareness and negotiate space successfully. 5. to runs or walk on different levels of surface. 6. to jump in the air with both feet leaving the floor. 7. to jump a short	Movement Skills Children will learn: 1. an increasing awareness of controlling equipment. 2. to kick a stationary ball with either foot and in various directions. 3. to throw an object with increasing accuracy and force. 4. to catch a large ball by using their two hands and their chest to trap it. 5. to control over an object by pushing, patting, throwing,	Children will learn:  1. to rise to their feet without using hands.  2. to move across climbing equipment using alternate feet.  3. to use hands and arms to help with balance and stability.  4. to balance on one foot.  5. to hold a position momentarily.  6. to shift bodyweight to improve stability.  7. to show confidence by climbing over and under equipment.  8. to balance on	Movements Children will learn: 1. to move in response to music or rhythm. 2. to choose to move in a range of ways. 3. to move freely and with confidence making changes to body shape. 4. to change position and pace of movement. 5. to hold a position momentarily. 6. to observe and imitate movements of adults. 7. to control and coordination in	Children will learn:  1. to show increasing awareness of controlling equipment.  2. to kick a stationary ball with either foot and in various directions.  3. to throw an object with increasing accuracy and force.  4. to catch a large ball by using their two hands and their chest to trap it.  5. to show control over an object by pushing, patting, throwing, catching and kicking it.  6. to negotiates space successfully when	Athletics Children will learn: 1. to run safely on whole foot. 2. to jump a short distance and land on two feet. 3. to throw an object with increasing accuracy and force towards a target. 4. to throw an object from different positions. 5. to experiment with different ways of moving, testing out ideas and adapting movements to reduce risk. 6. to show increasing understanding of movement by slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling,

			land appropriately using hands, arms and body to		7. to adjust speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles.	jumping, skipping, hopping.	
			stabilise.		to avoid obstacles.		
Computing	Using Te	chnology	_	mming		d Online Safety	
	Children will learn:		Children will learn:		Children will learn:		
		ferent purposes of some it helps them in their	<ol> <li>to use a simple computer programme with increasing control.</li> <li>to take part in simple programming</li> </ol>		to recognise that we can retrieve information from different technology		
	2. to say that a device	is a niece of equipment	· ·	appropriate equipment	sources.  2. to use search engines to find out information during class discussions.		
	-		eg. bee-bots.	ippropriate equipment			
	3. the purposes of some technological features (e.g., Keyboard, monitor, camera, power button, apps etc).		<ol> <li>to follow simple instructions/create simple instructions using bee-bots.</li> </ol>		<ul><li>3. to access content in a range of formats e.g., image, video, audio.</li></ul>		
	4. to type simple word phrases using a keyl	board.	4. to use technology t programmes.		4. to begin to understand how to stay swhen online.		
	5. to use various tools brushes, pens, erase shapes.			choose the best device/equipment for a k (e.g., camera, iPad or phone to take a time/PSHE curriculum personal information i			
	6. to explore paint, SN begin to use its 'per	n' features.	<ul> <li>6. to record a video on an iPad or camera.</li> <li>7. to use the simple functions e.g., taking a photograph, stopping and starting a video and working out how to play a game.</li> <li>8. to use a camera/other technology for purpose e.g., taking a photo of their own work.</li> </ul>		be shared on line.  6. about acceptable use, to ask permission		
	the screen.	en it and its position on			<ul><li>before using www.</li><li>7. that information can be public or private.</li></ul>		
	<ol><li>to independently chelling levels of difficulty.</li></ol>	lange games or increase					
Music	Me!	My Stories	Everyone!	Our World	Big Bear Funk	Reflect, Rewind and	
	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Children will learn:	Replay	
	1. five nursery rhymes	1. five nursery rhymes	1. five nursery rhymes	1. five nursery rhymes	1. five nursery rhymes	Children will learn:	
	off by heart.	off by heart.	off by heart.	off by heart.	off by heart.	1. to sing along to a	
	2. to sing or rap	2. to sing or rap	2. to sing or rap	2. to sing or rap	2. to sing or rap	pre-recorded song	
	nursery rhymes and simple songs from memory.	nursery rhymes and simple songs from memory.	nursery rhymes and simple songs from memory.	nursery rhymes and simple songs from memory.	nursery rhymes and simple songs from memory.	<ul><li>and add actions.</li><li>to sing along to a backing track.</li></ul>	
	3. the stories of some of the nursery	3. the stories of some of the nursery	3. the stories of some of the nursery	3. the stories of some of the nursery	3. the stories of some of the nursery	3. to perform any nursery rhyme by	
	rhymes.	rhymes.	rhymes.	rhymes.	rhymes.	singing and adding	
	4. to perform any nursery rhyme by	to perform any nursery rhyme by	4. to perform any nursery rhyme by	4. to perform any nursery rhyme by	4. to perform any nursery rhyme by	actions or dance.	

singing and adding actions or dance.	singing and adding actions or dance.	singing and adding actions or dance.	singing and adding actions or dance.	singing and adding actions or dance.	4. to perform any nursery rhyme or
5. to perform any nursery rhyme or song adding a simple instrumental part.	5. to perform any nursery rhyme or song adding a simple instrumental part.	5. to perform any nursery rhyme or song adding a simple instrumental part.	5. to perform any nursery rhyme or song adding a	5. to perform any nursery rhyme or song adding a simple instrumental part.	song adding a simple instrumental part.
6. that music can touch your feelings. 7. that a performance is sharing music.	6. to enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching, being animals or pop stars.	6. that they can move with the pulse of the music.	6. that songs have sections.	6. that the words of songs can tell stories and paint pictures.	talk about it.